

PAGE 4: B.1) ABOUT YOU

Q1: COUNTRY	ANTIGUA & BARBUDA
Q2: ABOUT YOU	
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Q3: CONSULTATION (Other ministries/agencies consulted in preparing this questionnaire reply) :	Customs Antigua and Barbuda

PAGE 6: C.2.) YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

Q4: Do you have Aid-for-Trade priorities? Yes

PAGE 7: C.2.) YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

Q5: Please indicate your Aid-for-Trade prioritiesBelow are listed the most common priority areas grouped according to broad Aid-for-Trade categories. Please rank the top 5 priority areas among the 12 listed .(1 being the most important)		
Trade facilitation	1	
Competitiveness	2	
Export diversification	4	
Connecting to value chains	5	
Regional integration	3	

Q6: Additional information.

Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 8: C.2) YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID FOR TRADE PRIORITIES

	Yes		27: Have your Aid-for-Trade priorities changed since 2012?
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PAGE 9: C.2) YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID FOR TRADE PRIORITIES

Q8: What are the top 3 drivers of these changes? (Please choose no more than 3 options)	Regional integration, Competitiveness objectives, Trade facilitation
Q9: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question
Q10: Have these changes been reflected in your national development strategy?	Yes
Q11: Have these changes been reflected in your dialogue with development partners?	Yes
Q12: Is trade facilitation reflected as a priority in your national or regional development policy?	Yes

PAGE 10: C.2.) YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

Q13: In which existing policy document(s) can trade facilitation be found as a priority? (You may tick more than one box)	National development strategy, Regional development strategy
Q14: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 11: C.2.) YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

Q15: Is trade facilitation included in new draft policy Yes documents currently being updated and formulated?

PAGE 12: C.2.) YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

Q16: Please indicate in which new draft policy documents, currently being updated or formulated, trade facilitation is included:	National development strategy
Q17: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 14: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q18: How important are trade costs for the competitiveness of your exports?	Very important	
Q19: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question	
Q20: Do your national policies address the issue of trade costs for exports?	Yes	

PAGE 15: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q21: Which document(s) address(es) the issue of trade costs for exports ?	National development strategy
Q22: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 16: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q23: How important are trade costs for access to imports?	Very important
Q24: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

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PAGE 18: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q26: Which document(s) address(es) the issue of trade costs for imports?	Respondent skipped this question
Q27: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 19: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q28: What are the most important sources of trade costs for the export of merchandise goods? (You may choose more than 1 option)	Border procedures (trade facilitation), Tariffs, fees and other charges,
	Non-Tariff Measures (including standards),
	Transport infrastructure, Access to trade finance
Q29: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 20: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q30: What are the most important sources of trade costs for the export of services? (You may choose more than 1 option)	Network infrastructure (ICT, power, telecoms), Non-recognition of professional qualifications,
	Restrictions on movement of natural persons,
	Tariffs on product inputs (e.g. on computers for ICT services)
Q31: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 21: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q32: In which regional markets to which you export merchandise goods and services do you face the highest trade costs? (Please select no more than 5 regions)	Central America, Central and Eastern Europe, East Asia, South Asia, West Africa
Q33: Indicate your home region.	Caribbean

PAGE 22: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q34: FOR MERCHANDISE GOODS: For the markets which you have identified as the highest cost, why are trade costs high? (You may choose more than 1 option)	Border procedures (trade facilitation), Tariffs, fees and other charges, Non-Tariff Measures (including standards), Transport infrastructure
Q35: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question
Q36: FOR SERVICES: For the markets which you have identified as the highest costs, why are trade costs high? (You may choose more than 1 options)	Recognition of professional qualifications, Restrictions on movement of natural persons, Inefficient government regulations
Q37: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 23: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q38: How have your trade costs evolved over the past 5 years ?	More than 10% increase
Q39: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 24: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q40: Does your Government use any of the following sources to address the issue of trade costs? (You may choose more than 1 option)	Research by donor funded project
Q41: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question
Q42: Do you validate the results? (You may tick	Yes, dialogue with private sector,
more than 1 box)	Yes, dialogue with government

PAGE 26: E.1) REDUCING TRADE COSTS

Q44: Is your government taking national action to reduce trade costs?	Yes
GE 27: E.1) REDUCING TRADE COSTS	
Q45: What national action is your government is	National government initiatives,
taking ?(You may tick more than 1 box)	Initiatives supported by development partners
Q46: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question
Q47: In which areas have national actions been	Border procedures (trade facilitation),
undertaken or are on-going? (You may tick more than one box)	Non-Tariff Measures (including standards),
	Transport infrastructure,
	Transport infrastructure (e.g. for tourism),
	Reforms of national regulatory frameworks for services
	' Tariffs on product inputs (e.g. on computers for
	ICT services)
GE 28: E.1) REDUCING TRADE COSTS	
GE 28: E.1) REDUCING TRADE COSTS Q48: Is your government engaged in regional actions to reduce trade costs?	
Q48: Is your government engaged in regional	ICT services)
Q48: Is your government engaged in regional actions to reduce trade costs?	ICT services)

Q50: In which areas have regional actions been	Border procedures (trade facilitation),
undertaken or are on-going? (You may tick more than 1 box)	Non-Tariff Measures (including standards),
	Transport infrastructure,
	Access to trade finance,
	Reforms of national regulatory frameworks for services
	,
	Negotiations with trading partners on access for service suppliers
Q51: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 30: E.1) REDUCING TRADE COSTS

Q52: Is external support aligned with your national and regional needs to reduce trade costs ?	Yes
Q53: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 31: E.1) REDUCING TRADE COSTS

Q54: How is external support aligned with your needs?(You may tick more than 1 box)	External support is aligned with national priorities to reduce trade costs
	,
	Dialogue with donors has resulted in attention to the issue of trade costs
	,
	Dialogue with South-South partners has resulted in attention to the issue of trade costs
	,
	Improved dialogue with the private sector has resulted in this being prioritized
	,
	Improved dialogue with regional partners has resulted in this being prioritized
Q55: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 32: E.1) REDUCING TRADE COSTS

Q56: Why is external support not aligned with your needs?(You may tick more than 1 box)	Respondent skipped this question
Q57: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 34: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT

Q58: What impact would implementation of the Trade Facilitation Agreement, when adopted, have on the evolution of your trade costs?	Unsure
Q59: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 35: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT

Q60: In which regions would the implementation of the Trade Facilitation Agreement, when adopted, have the biggest impact on the trade costs you face ? (Please choose no more than 5 options)	Central America, Central and Eastern Europe, East Asia, South Asia, West Africa
Q61: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 36: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT

Q62: Do you plan to seek Aid-for-Trade support to help implement the Trade Facilitation Agreement, when adopted ?	Yes, after TFA adoption
Q63: Have you undertaken a Trade Facilitation Needs Assessment?	Yes

PAGE 37: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT

Q64: Please specify the organization(s) involved in and year(s) of each needs assessment.	
WTO	2013
UNCTAD	2013

PAGE 38: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT

Q65: Do you plan to request a new Trade Facilitation Needs Assessment or an update of an existing assessment?	Yes
Q66: Please specify why.	Respondent skipped this question
PAGE 39: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT	
Q67: Where might you need support to implement the Trade Facilitation Agreement, when adopted? (You may tick more than 1 box)	To prepare category A, B, C notifications, To develop national implementation plans, To support implementation of specific TFA provisions , To align support with on-going national reform programmes , To align commitments with on-going regional programmes

PAGE 40: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT

Q68: What difficulties do you face, or do you expect	Lack of information on funding opportunities,
to face, in securing Aid-for-Trade support to help implement the Trade Facilitation Agreement, when	Problems accessing external funds,
adopted ? (You may tick more than 1 box)	Accessing the necessary expertise,
	Ensuring TFA implementation is a priority in national development planning documents
	,
	Problems in formulating requests,
	Problems to quantify TFA implementation needs,
	Integrating TFA implementation into on-going programmes
	,
	Accessing global programmes

PAGE 41: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT

Q69: Which disciplines of the Trade Facilitation	Publication and availability of information,
Agreement, when adopted, will prove the hardest to implement and where Aid-for-Trade support should	Comment before entry into force,
be focused?(You may tick more than 1 box)	Advance rulings,
	Other measures to enhance impartiality, non- discrimination and transparency
	,
	Disciplines on fees,
	Release and clearance of goods,
	Formalities connected with importation, exportation and transit
	,
	Customs cooperation,
	Other (please specify) Option to return rejected goods to the exporter.
Q70: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 43: G.1) IMPACT: REDUCING TRADE COSTS AND INCLUSIVE, SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

Q71: What have been the key factors in achieving successful reductions in trade costs? (Please choose no more than 5 options)	Alignment of donor support with national priorities
	Sustained political engagement and commitment by national authorities
	Use of regional approach
Q72: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 44: G.1) IMPACT: REDUCING TRADE COSTS AND INCLUSIVE, SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

Q73: What outputs have been achieved by actions taken to reduce trade costs? (Please choose no	Greater transparency,	
more than 5 options)	Improved cooperation between border agencies,	
	Tariff reform,	
	Creation of trade facilitation committees,	
	Creation of dialogue with private sector	
Q74: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question	

PAGE 45: G.1) IMPACT: REDUCING TRADE COSTS AND INCLUSIVE, SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

Q75: What outcomes have been achieved by actions taken to reduce trade costs? (Please choose no more than 5 options)	Increase in traffic flows through border posts
Q76: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 46: G.1) IMPACT: REDUCING TRADE COSTS AND INCLUSIVE, SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

Q77: What impacts have been achieved by actions taken to reduce trade costs? (Please choose no more than 5 options)	Higher revenues for exporters, Consumer welfare effects
Q78: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 47: G.1) IMPACT: REDUCING TRADE COSTS AND INCLUSIVE, SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

	Q79: Which types of actions have achieved the most positive results in reducing trade costs for goods and services? (Please choose no more than 7 options)	Customs reform, Tariff reforms, Improving the regulatory environment for services
	Q80: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question
PAGE 48: G.1) IMPACT: REDUCING TRADE COSTS AND INCLUSIVE, SUSTAINABLE GROWTH		

Q81: What contribution can reducing trade costs make to the target of inclusive, sustainable growth? (Please choose no more than 7 options)	Increase in exports, Moving up value chains, Foreign direct investment,
(Consumer welfare effects, Reduction in poverty
Q82: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 50: H.1) IMPACT OF THE AID FOR TRADE INITIATIVE

Q83: Has the alignment of Aid-for-Trade support to your national needs and priorities changed since the launch of the Aid-for-Trade Initiative in 2005?

PAGE 51: H.1) IMPACT OF THE AID FOR TRADE INITIATIVE

Q84: If it has improved, please specify why.(You may tick more than one box)	Better dialogue with donors,
	Better dialogue with the private sector,
	Better dialogue with regional partners

PAGE 52: H.1) IMPACT OF THE AID FOR TRADE INITIATIVE

Q85: Why has the alignment declined?(You may tick	Respondent skipped this
more than 1 box)	question

Q86: Additional information.

Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 53: H.1) IMPACT OF THE AID FOR TRADE INITIATIVE

Q87: What impact has the Aid-for-Trade Initiative had since it was launched in 2005?(You may tick more than 1 box)	More attention to trade issues in development, More priority given by regional authorities to trade issues in development planning	
Q88: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question	
PAGE 54: H.1) IMPACT OF THE AID FOR TRADE INITIATIVE		
Q89: What potential future contribution could the Enhanced Integrated Framework for LDCs make to the post-2015 development agenda? (Please choose no more than 5 options)	Contribution to inclusive, sustainable growth	
Q90: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question	

Q91: What potential future contribution could the Aid-for-Trade Initiative make to the post-2015 development agenda? (Please choose a maximum of 5 options)

Q92: Additional information.

Respondent skipped this question

sustainable development

development

Contribution of financing for development,

Ensuring continued attention to trade issues in

Making a contribution to economic growth and

poverty eradication through inclusive,

Q93: How in your view could the Aid-for-Trade Initiative be improved?

Finding ways to further include the private sector in the initiative.

PAGE 55: H.1) IMPACT OF THE AID FOR TRADE INITIATIVE

Q94: Additional information on "Reducing trade costs and inclusive, sustainable growth". If there is anything you would like to add on the topic of "Reducing trade costs for inclusive, sustainable growth", which you feel has not been covered in this questionnaire, please use this box. Respondent skipped this question